





Jubilee Me Souvenir.

GRAHAM

Price 25 Cents

OTTHA W PANTING CO., LIMITED.

F. A. LEMHRUX, Communes, Ottawa, Ont

SELL EVERYTHING

# WINDSOR HOTEL

DASS 8 •5 C35 1898 fol P\*\*\*

Dominion Square and Gardens...

MONTREAL







Is delightfully situated in the centre of the city. Its cool, airy rooms, Palatial Corridors and Dining-Room, hold a world-wide reputation, and place it among the Palace Hotels of the American Continent.

RATES, \$3.50 TO \$5.00.\_\_

W. S. WELDON,

MANAGER.

# The Standard\_

SCOTCH WHISKEY of the day is . . .

# JOHN DEWAR & SON'S

Purveyors by Appointment to Her Majesty Queen Victoria.

50 MEDALS 50 MEDALS AND NUMEROUS OTHER HONORS,

TO BE HAD EVERYWHERE.

J. M. DOUGLAS & CO.,

Agents

# Most Sensible People . . .

Do their Sewing on the New WILLIAMS Machine, because they find it fully up-to-date in every particular.

It is the most reliable and satisfactory Sewing Machine in the market to-day, having all the recent improvements known to the trade.



Sensible people will not waste their money on Cheap-Made Machines, as the Best is the Cheapest in the end.

Buy the New Williams, and you are sure of the best.

CENTRAL CITY OFFICE,

246 ST. LAWRENCE STREET, MONTREAL.

Hotel Carslake.

EUROPEAN PLAN.



571, 573 and 575 St. James Street, Montreal.

Geo. Carslake & co.,

\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*

Drittin a Pi

Revenue. Expenditur Surplus. Sir Willia

Sir Willia chancellor of the following

"The national duced £7,584 ing the year, the British in financial year increase of \$185,000,000 year.

BRITAIN

A Million

The preser (officers and Empire on la

Regular force colonial.
Army reserve Militia . . . . . Yeomanry . . . Volunteers . . .

The native bers 145,000 Indian States cially organize

European force

Indian States cially organize Besides these, large forces, o

## 





HIS EXCELLENCY LORD ABERDEEN.



COUNTESS ABERDEEN.

# 

### Britain's Financial Standing, April 30th, 1897.

Revenue	£103,950,000
Expenditure	101,477,000
Surplus	2,473,000

Sir William Hicks Beach, the chancellor of the Exchequer, made the following statement:

"The national debt has been reduced £7,84,000 (\$37,920,000) during the year, and the total value of the British trade during the last financial year is £738,000,000, an increase of 5 per cent (or over \$185,000,000) over the previous year.

#### BRITAIN'S ARMED FORCE

#### A Million Soldiers Available

IMPERIAL DEFENCE.

The present state of the forces (officers and men) of the British Empire on land may be set forth thus:

Regular	forces,	home	and
cole	nial		

colonial	1	£6,000
Army reserve		85,000
Militia	1	22,000
Yeomanry		11,000
Volunteers	2	32,000
European forces in India		77,000

683,000

The native army of India numbers 145,000 men. The Native Indian States have 20,000 men specially organized for Imperial service. Besides these, they have nominally large forces, out of which one-third

may be taken as effective for at least home service, in the British Sense of the terme—quite 100,000 men. To this must be added the colonial militia or volunteer forces (officers and men), embodied and trained:

The Canadian Dominion	34,000
Jamaica	2,000
Cape Colony	7,000
New South Wales	6,000
New Zealand	8,000
Queensland	3,000
South Australia	2,000
Victoria	5,000

This, added to the previous figures, brings up the total to 1,015,000. This represents a peace establishment consisting of men either under arms at the shortest notice.

Total ..... 67,000

#### The British Empire in India.

As to the good government of or otherwise, by the British, it must be remembered that its native population is now fully 300,000,000, whilst the British born residents scarcely exceed 100,000

The area of the country is immense. It extends over a territory larger than the continent of Europe without Russia. The languages of the country are at least 78 in number grouped into some twelve sections or families.

THE VICEROY OF INDIA.

The Governor-General is Viceroy of India, and is entitled to a royal salute, taking rank next to the Queen herself, and before all other members of the royal family. He

is the supreme ruler of 300,000,000 of the human race and of forty-two native royal princes from the ruler of Hyderabad, with his 11,000,000 of subjects, to the native Prince of Kalsia, who represents a little state of 15,000 Jat Silkhs.

The Viceroy's income is equal to about \$124,800 per annum.

THE NATIVE POLICE.

The police force of India is largely made up of natives. The highest officers are Englishmen, but the chief work of the force is done, and very excellently done by the natives.

#### Canadian Legity.

REFERENCE TO IT IN THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

London, Aug. 6, '97. - It was in part as follows:

"I have given notice to the King of the Belgians and the German Emperor to terminate the treaties of 1862 and 1865 whereby I am prevented from making with my colonies such fiscal arrangements within my empire as seem to be expedient.

#### COLONIAL ATTACHMENT.

The presence of representatives of the colonies and India at the ceremonies of the celebration of the sixtieth year of my reign has contributed to the strength of the bond of union in all parts of my empire, and additional proof of the attachment of the colonies to the mother country has been furnished in the fiscal year legislation of Canada and

the contribution that Cape Colony, following the example of Australasia, has offered for our naval defence.

#### Britain since 1837.

In making his budget speech in June last (1897.) sir Michael Hicks-Beach took advantage of the occasion to look back over the Queen's reign and recite a few interesting facts.

The total revenue of the nation in 1836 was \$52,500,000, and in the year just closed it was £112,000,000.

The total foreign trade of Great Britain in 1836 amounted to £125,-000,000, whereas last year it was nearly £738,000,000.

The deposits in the savings banks in 1836 amounted to £18,750.000, and last year's deposits totalled up to £155,000,000.

In 1836 no less than eight cents to send a letter 15 milles in the United Kingdom; it cost 24 cents to send a letter 300 miles, and to send a letter to South America it cost 84 cents.

While in 1836 the annual interest of the debt was a yearly tax of over \$5 per head of the population it is now only \$2.16 per head.

In 1836 the total cost of the monarchy to the taxpayers was £534,000.

Wages have risen, houses are better, healthier, food and clothing are cheaper, and best of ail crime has enormously diminished.

- 116-116-116-116-

REET,

TREAL

ey on Cheapthe end.

MS Machine, particular. wing Machine improvements

\*\*\*\*

O., OPRIETORS.



CEORGE McLAURIN, B.A., LL.B.,

Ottawa Business College.

. . 31 . .

Thirty-One Years of Uninterrupted Success.

Affiliated with the Business Educators' Association of Canada. nd the best Business College in Eastern Ontario

and Office Work taught from Business transactions. The cost complete and practical method of teaching ever devised, testings within its a possibility.

TELEGRAPHY

Taught by an ex SHORTHAND Taught from the most legible, most rapid and most easily learned Pitmanic system.

TYPEWRITING All the standard machines for Students' practice

JOHN KEITH, PRINCIPAL

145-154 Bank Street, JOHN KEITH, Principal.



sking and Higher Accountant

# FURNITURE

Cor. O'Connor and Queen Streets

OTTAWA.

# J. OLIVER & SON.

WHOLESALE ...

Address :

Furniture Manufacturers.

Office Desks and Hall Seating Specialties. 86 and 88 DUKE STREET, OTTAWA, ONT.

# Victoria Foundry Co.,

Founders, Machinists, Blacksmiths, etc.

MANUFACTURERS OF

WATER WHEELS, POWER HOUSE PLANT, ROTARY PUMPS, AUTOMATIC HOSE REELS . . . . .

MILL MACHINERY A SPECIALTY.

MIDDLE ST.,

OTTAWA.

W. H. MARTIN

Fashionable Tallor.

"THE BROADWAY,"

133 Sparks St.,

OTTAWA.



HON. WM. S. FIELDING. Minister of Finance.



HON. SYDNEY FISHER. Minister of Agriculture.

### SELEGTED SEEDS. . . FOR . .

FARM, GARDEN.

GREENHOUSE.

Write for Illustrated Seed

Catalogue, which we mail

WILLIAM EWING & CO., Seed Merchants.

Montreal.

When you buy STARCH, see that you get the best.\_

Benson's Celebrated Prepared Corn for Blanc Mange, Custards, &c.
Edwardsburg Silver Gloss Starch for all fine Laundry Work.
Benson's Enamel Starch, Finest finish for Shirt Fronts, Collars and Cuffs.
High-Grade Glucose for Confectioners' use.

Fine Flavored Table Sy Fine Flavored Table Syrups.

ALL MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

# The Edwardsburg Starch Company, Limited, CARDINAL, ONTARIO.

S. W. MILLS.

# BODEGA HOTEL AND RESTAURANT. . .

Opposite East Block Parliament Buildings.

THE MOST COMPLETE PRIVATE HOTEL IN THE CITY.

Mills & Queale,

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* EUROPEAN AND . . AMERICAN PLANS.

PROPRIETORS.

OTTAWA.

CANADA.

MOUSE.



F. X. ST. JACQUES, PROPRIETOR.

Grand-Sire

was a Miss ried to the educated in Shepherd, and beside ments she Her home, charities ar piness. S type of the woman una she grows is

STATISTICS SECRET 18

TO DECEM CLUDING A DENMARK

Initiations in Lodge . . . Members reliev Widowed famil Members decea Total relief ... Total receipts.

CONDITION OF

Sovereign Gran Independent Gr man Emp Denmark, Sweden). Subordinate Gr Subordinate Gr Subordinate Gr.
Subordinate En
Subordinate Lo
Encampment m
Lodge members
Rebekah Lodge
Sisters, members

Sisters, member Lodges....
Brothers, mem Lodges....

VITURE

ters of ...

'Connor and Streets

OTTAWA.

HON. FRED. CARLETON,

Grand-Sire I.O.O.F., Austin, Texas

Lady Laurier

was a Miss Lafontaine. She was married to the premier in 1868. She was

educated in the convent of the Good

Shepherd, Sherbrooke St, Montreal.

and besides her other accomplish-

ments she is an excellent musician.

Her home, her husband and her

charities are her comfort and hap-

piness. She represents the best type of the French Canadian gentle-

woman unaffected, kindly, refined

she grows in esteem as acquaintance

Independent Order of Oddfellows.

STATISTICS FROM REPORT OF GRAND SECRETARY FOR THEYEARS

1895 AND 1896.

STATISTICS OF THE ORDER FROM 1830

TO DECEMBER 31ST, 1896, IN-

CLUDING AUSTRALASIA, GERMANY

DENMARK AND SWITZERLAND.

CONDITION OF THE ORDER DECEMBER

31ST, 1896.

 Subordinate Grand Lodges
 66

 Subordinate Encampments
 2,671

 Subordinate Lodges
 11,339

 Encampment members
 13,188

 Lodge members
 831,718

 Rebekah Lodges
 4573

 Sisters, members of Rebekah
 Lodges

Dec. 31st, 1896.

lengthens.

Grand Lodges.
Subordinate Lodges.
Rebekah Lodges.
Frand Encampments.
ub. Encampments.
odge Initiations.
odge Members

Lodge Members Incampment Members Lebekah Members Lelief by Lodges Lelief by Encampments Lelief by Rebekah Lodg otal Relief

Revenue of Lodges..... Rev. of Rebekah Lodges Total Revenue.

Initiations in Subordinate

Lodge . 2,137,592
Lodge . 2,276,004
Widowed families relieved. 227,940
Members deceased. 204,228
Total relief . \$74,356,668 76
Total receipts. 193,247,022 80

Co.,

LANT, ROTARY PUMPS.

HS, ETC.

IALTY.

OTTAWA.

ED SEEDS. FOR . .

GARDEN.

HOUSE.

lustrated Seed which we mail

WING & CO., erchants.

Montreal.

uffs. le Syrups.

USE.

PRIETOR.



In 1858 the province of Canada adopted the present coinage of dollars and cents and made these with a pounds, shillings and pence the only moneys of account. In 1871 the federal parliament fixed a uniform currency for the Dominion. the English sovereign to pass cur-rent at 486 and two-thirds cents. The gold eagle of the United-States was also made legal tender, Silver coins are legal tender to the amount

of \$10, and miner coin to 25 cents.

The first issue of government notes was limited to \$5,000,000, and 3,000,000 to replace notes if banks surrending their power of When the Dominion was formed this issue was raised to \$8,000,000. Since then it has been raised to \$20,000,000, and any ex-cess of this amount must be covered in gold. \$14,358,500 of the Dominion note circulation are in notes of \$500 and \$1,000, used chiefly in settlements between banks.

The average monthly circulation of Dominion notes is \$21,397,750, and of this \$13,834,666 is of the \$500 and \$1,000 denominations; \$232,300 of \$50 and \$100; \$369,439 the redemption of notes in circulation is a first charge, then amounts due to the Dominion government, and amounts due to the provincial Farm Stock, 1805, Ontario, Dominion. governments.

### Canadian Progress.

In 1837 there was an area of some 500,000 square miles and a population of 1,400,000. Now Canada extends from ocean to ocean, with an area of 3,315,647 square miles, and a population over 5,100,-

The total foreign trade of the colonies, now Canada was in 1837 about \$29,000,000. In 1893 it was \$246,000,000. The exports in 1837 were \$12,600,000 and in 1895 they had increase to \$113,638,803. In 1837 Canada's population was

1,101,685. In 1891 it had grown to 4,833,239.

#### They were Testotalers.

Lady (engaging servant).—I ought to tell you that we are all strict teetotalers here. I suppose you won't mind that?

Mary Jane. - Oh no, mun. I've been in a reformed drunkard's family before !



Hon. Sir WILFRED LAURIER. Premier of Canada.



LADY LAURIER.

of \$4, \$5, \$10 and \$20; \$6,743,555 of \$1 and \$2 notes.

It was in 1817 that the first bank was established in Canada, the Bank of Montreal, followed the next year by the Bank of Quebec in Quebec. These were not granted a charter till 1821.

It was between 1821 and 1836 many banks sprang up, among them being the Bank of British North America.

About 1835 the government provided for the established of private banks authorized to issue notes under certain limitations upon der ositing with the government provincial debentures to the amount of the contemplated issue.

At the present time the capital stock of any company to secure a charter must reached \$500,000, and of this \$250,000 must be paid to the Receiver General. Every bank has to pay to the Finance Minister 5 per cent on the average amount of its notes in circulation, this being called the Bank Circulation Redemption Fund to be used on the suspen-sion of any bank for payment of notes issued. In case of insolvency

### Post Office Savings Bank.

Statement for the year ending

30th June 1897 : Deposited during the year \$8,-223,000, being an increase of \$84,ooo over the previous year.

The amount of interest allowed to depositors during the year was \$1,024,000.

The total amount on deposit in the bank at the close of the year was \$32,380,000 as compared with \$28,932,000 in the previous year.

#### Realist and Idealist.

"I tell you sir," said the realist, I don't believe in talking anything for granted. In other words, I dont't believe in anything that I

"Am I to understand," returned the idealist, "that you never have kissed a girl in the dark?"

Thus we see that the theories of a realist may go down before the realism of a theorist.

#### Wealth of Canada.

E MITTE CHOCK.	1895.	189	1895.	
Horses	95,000	650,0	00 1,500,000	
Cattle	\$10,000	2,150,0		
Sheep	34,000	2,000,00	00 2,000,000	
Swine	73,000	1,300,0	000,008,1 00	
Poultry (sold	at home	e, 226,00	0), 7,800,000.	
		nada 1 895.	United States	
Gold	٥.	93.	1891-92.	
Silver.			\$33,000,000	
Inon		150,000	83,000,000	
Iron		238,000	25,300,000	
Copper		950,000	37,800,000	
Lead.,		750,000	18,000,000	
Nickel	1,	400,000	57.000	
Coal	7.	800,000	191,000.000	
Petrolenm	I,	200.000	30,200,000	

#### \$15,398,000 \$418,357.020

#### CANADA'S EXPORT TRADE. Year. Great Britain. U. S.

1896	\$ 66,689,253	\$ 29,750,201
1895	61,856,900	41,297,676
1894	68,538,856	35,809,000
1893	64,980,000	43,923,010
1892	64,906,540	48,988,000
Total	326,071,549	199,767,887
Country.	1896.	1895.
West Indies	2.810.000	

Country.	1896.	1895.
West Indies\$ Newfoundland	2,810,000 \$	3,725,000
Australasia Germany	517,000	417,000
France	757,000 581,000	335,000
China and Japan	659,000	378,000
Total	7,106,000	7,806,000

Year. (	ireat Britair	. U. S.
1896	32,979,742	\$ 38,574,024
1895	31,131,730	54,634,520
1894	38,717,260	53,034,000
1893	43,148,410	58,221,970
1892	41,348,000	53,137,000
Total	187,325,142	277,601,514
Country.	1896.	1895.
Germany	5,931,459	\$ 4.793.159
France	2,810,902	2,586,000
China and Japan	2,670,661	2,528,000
West Indies	1,895,741	4,956,000
Newfoundland	551,412	739,850
Australasia,	213,536	Not given.
Total	14,073,711	15,603,419

Canada's total trade with the chief countries trading with us:

Country.	1896.	1895.
Great Britain \$	89,668,995	
United States	98,324,225	95,932,000
Germany	6,668,990	5,421,135
France	3,392,442	2,820,450
Newfoundland West Indies	2,333,651	3,065,000
China aud Japan	4,705,731	8,681,000
Cilina auu Japan	3,330,334	2,906,574
Total	18,424,478	211,914,159

#### DUTY COLLECTED.

In 1896 the duty collected on the In 1890 the duty collected on the \$32,979,000 of imports from Britain amounted to \$7358,514, and on the \$58,574,000 of imports from the States it was \$7,769,022. British goods therefore paid 22 3 per cent. and American goods 13'3 per cent., or a difference in favor of American goods to the extent of 9 per cent.

### They Die a Natural Death.

English Tourist (in the far north, miles from anywhere)—Do you mean to say that you and your family live here all the winter? Why, what do you do when any of you are ill? You can never get a

Scotch Shepherd-Nae sir. We've just to dee a natural death.

### GANADA ACCIDENT ASSURANCE Co.

No. 20 St. Alexis St., Cor. Notre Dame, MONTREAL.

A CANADIAN COMPANY FOR CANADIAN BUSINESS.

T. H. HUDSON.

Manager for Canada.



Granite and

Marble.

Jo finest structures recently BUILDERS many erected in Canada for Estimates. 2 for itself, speaks

plu

order MONUMENTS most chaste design and 01 in stock or made kept the

Basin, Ottawa OFFICE AND WORKS: ONTARIO, CANADA. the shortest notice. ana

米米米

CRAIG STREET FOUNDRY.

MONTREAL

TORONTO, ONT.

MANIFACTURERS OF

sleeplow Co bility,

iled free to any address

N. B .- Book that tells you all

T. Milburn & Co...

DAISY HOT WATER HEATER, SOIL PIPE, STEAM FITTINGS

. . . and . . .

STABLE FIXTURES

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Give The only food

Bicycles Repaired and Sup-

plies always on hand.

LOCKSMITH, ETC.

234 Wellington St.

that will build up a weak cons-Baby titution gradu-Chance ally but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids. KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS,

### ROBERT STEWART.

TOWER OF LONDON.

FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

Representing the following Companies:

Atlas Fire Assurance Co., of England. National Fire Assurance Co., of Ireland. The Boiler Inspection and Insurance Co. The Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation.

The Federal Life Assurance Company.

LOSSES PAID PROMPTLY.

Office, Gentral Chambers,

Gor, Elgin and Queen Sts.

B. SLINN,

WESTMINSTER ABBEY.

VICTORIA BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY

### 177 Creighton St., New Edinburgh.

Branch-Cor. QUEEN and O'CONNOR STS., (Opposite Y.M.C.A).

Pure Candy and Confectionery. Vienna and Home-Made Bread.

GUARANTEED THE BEST Diplomas were won by Mr. Slinn at the

Central Canada Exhibition, for the best Bread and Wedding Cakes.

W. C. EDWARDS CO. LTD.

Sawn Lumber, Dimertsion Timber, Sash, Doors, Blinds and all kinds of House Finish.

SAW MILL PHONE :--478. FACTORY PHONE :- 467.

\_A Beautiful Solid Gold Ring, Set with Genuine Garnet FREE!

YOU DAY NOTHING, SIMPLY SEND YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS plainly written, and we will send you so packages of IMPERISHABLE VIOLET SACHET PERFUME) which for delicacy of odor, natural freshness and inexhaustible character is unsurpassed) to lift for use if you can) among friends at 10 cents per package. When sold, remit us the smoney and we will send you FREE, for your trouble, the above described ring, which is stamped and warranted Solid Gold, set with Genuine Garnet (a very handsome and describle Gift). Send address at once and state that it is the Perfume you wish, and we will send it. No mency required. We take all risk. Goods returnable if not sold.

TISDALL SUPPLY Co.,

SNOWDON CHAMBERS, TORONTO, ONT.

Provident Savings Life Assurance Society of New York.

CANADIAN DEPARTMENT \$50,000 DEPOSIT WITH THE DOMINION GOVERNMENT ...

R. H. MATSON, Goneral Manager.

F. SPARLING, Asst. Manager,

STANLEY BLOCK, 37 YONGE ST., TORONTO

ESTABLISHED 1875.

E. W. SCOTT, President. W. E. STEVENS, Secretary.

E. O. PARKER, Superintendent of Agencies.

H. MATSON, General Manager, Stanley Block, 37 Yonge St. Toron

MILBURN'S HEART NERVE PILLS WEAK PEOPLE

HON. R Secret Events

HOW HISTORY VICTORIA' THE

Here is a b more importan fecting the Br

1837-8-Reb 1839-42-Af 1845-Repea

1847 -Famir 1848-Chart rebellion in Ire 1853-5--Crir 1857-8--Gre -Gre

1859-Direc taken Exped 1861-1865-Fenia

1867 Refor 1868-Exped 1871-Dises Church. Irish

settled. 1873 - Growt league in Irelan 1875-Suez

England. 1878-Russia Turkish war. ( Turkey.

1880-Begin tation of the pr 1881-2 Tro Zululand.

1884-New ( 7387-8-Tro is a brief resum and political c British empire reign :

1848-Louis Second French with Napoleon 1852-Napole

and established 1859—Unification Austria.

1861-5 - Civil Austria.

1867-Union

Hungary. 1868-Isabel

driven from t Provisional gov 1869—Spanis Marshal Serran

1870 France gun. Downfall France and rerepublic. Tem pope abolished

FOR EAK OPLE

n & Co... TORONTO, ONT.

ET FOUNDRY.

MONTREAL

SY HOT WATER TER, SOIL PIPE, AM FITTINGS . . . and . . .

BLE FIXTURES

VARDS CO. LTD.

imber, Dimener, Sash, Doors, nd all kinds of

inish. E:--478-

of New York POSIT WITH THE

:--467.

NGE ST., TORONTO

of Agencies

7 Yonge St. Toron



HON. R. W. SCOTT, Secretary of State.

Events of her Reign.

HOW HISTORY WAS MADE DURING VICTORIA'S OCCUPANCY OF THE THRONE.

Here is a brief summary of the more important events directly atfecting the British Government :-

1837-8—Rebellion in Canada. 1839-42—Afghan War. 1840-War with China.

1845-Repeal of the corn laws. Famine in Ireland.

1848-Chartist agitation. Small rebellion in Ireland.

1853-5—Crimean war. 1857-8—Great sepoy rebellion.

1859-Direct government of India

1861 - Expedition against Mexico.

1865—Fenian troubles. 1867—Reform bill passed.

1868-Expedition to Abyssinia. 1871—Disestablishment of the Irish

settled. 1873 -- Growth of Home Rule league in Ireland.

1875-Suez canal purchased by

England. 1878-Russia checked in Russo-

Turkish war. Cyprus acquired from Turkey. 1880—Beginning of the Irish agi-

tation of the present. 1881-2-Trouble and fighting in

Zululand. 1884-New Guinea annexed.

7387-8-Troubles in Africa. Here is a brief resume of the chief wars and political changes outside the British empire during Victoria's

1848—Louis Philippe overthrown. Second French republic established, with Napoleon III at its head.

1852-Napoleon III, by treacher overtrhew second French republic and established the second empire. 1859-Unification of Italy begun. War of France and Sardinia against

Austria. 1861-5—Civil war in America. 1866—War of Prussia against Austria.

1867-Union of Austria and

Hungary. 1868—Isabella, Bourbon queen, driven from the Spanish throne. Provisional government established.

1869 – Spanish regency under Marshal Serrano established. 1870 – Franco-Prussian war begun. Downfall of second empire of France and re-establisment of third republic. Temporal power of the pope abolished and unification of Italy completed. Amadeo, son of the King of Itally, made King of

1871-Close of the Franco-Prussian war. German empire established.

1873-Amadeo abdicated Spanish throne. Republic formed.

1875-House of Bourbon restored in Spain. Alphonso XII taking the

brone. 1877-War against Turkey by Balkan states and Russia.

1885 Bulgaria seized eastern Roumelia.

:801-Brazilian revolution. Empire overthrown and republic established.

1896 War between Turkey and Greece.

The Irishman and the Bull.

An Irishman was tossed over a fence by a bull. Recovering from his fall, he saw the bull pawing and tearing up the ground: whereupon Fat, smiling at him said: "If it was not for your bowin and scraping and your humble apologies you, brute, faix I should think you had thrown me over the fence on pur-



HON. WM. PATTERSON, Minister of Customs.

Canada's Miniral Wealth.

In 1886 the value of our total production was \$10,221,255, while 1896 it had risen to \$22,609,825-Copper increased from \$385,550 to \$1,021,960; gold from \$1,365,496 to \$2,780,086; nickel rom nothing to \$1,88,990; silver from \$341,654 to \$2,149,503; coal from \$3,739,-840 to \$7,226,462; petroleum from \$525,655 to \$1,155,617; bricks from \$873,-600 to \$1,600,000; building stone from \$642,509 to \$1,000,000. The total value of nonmetallic substances increased from \$7,852,647 to \$14,303,880. The total value of the metals from \$2,118,608 to \$8,055,945. Coal at present contributes 32 per cent of ous mineral production, and gold

> -0--Pure Fountains of Justice

In the language of Lord Chief Justice Wilmot, it must be shown that no polluted hand shall touch the pure fountains of justice.

The Ottawa Normal School.

The Ottawa Normal School, comprising Normal, Model and Kindergarten Departments, was opened in 1875; and is one of the two Normal Schools, in the Province of Ontario for the training of teachers of the Second Grade-the other School being in Toronto, of

The School Curricolum is purely professional. In each year there are two sessions of five (5) months each. The attendance in the Normal School Dept., is, usually a hundred students for each session; but sometimes the number goes beyond this. Over four thousands teachers have been trained in this School since its opening.

The School is very fully equipped for its work, having a magnificient building, spacious grounds, large class rooms, a thoroughly efficient staff of teachers, and every appli-ance needed for the preventation of the best methods of teaching, and for the most successful class work.

About three hundred pupils at-tens the Model School, and sixty, the Kindergarten.

The Principal is John A. MacCabe. LL.D.; F.R.S.C., who has held



Hon, Sir RICHARD CARTWRIGHT. Minister of Trade and Commerce.

the position since the opening of the School.

Canada and famine-stricken India.

Lord George Hamilton told the House of Commons that of the 137,000 contributed by the colonies in aid of famine-stricken India, Canada sent no less than 125,000.

Not Like Ottawa.

" Manchester, England, retired its chief of police, who failed to give satisfaction.

He was given a year's leave of absence on full pay, and after that a pension of two-thirds of his present pay."

Ottawa discharged its chief of police, after he had served for over 30 years on the force, and thought he was old enough to provide for the balance of his life.

Ireland and Suicides.

Ireland with a population of 4,704,000, has one of the smallest suicide rates in Europe-only ten to 1,000,000.



N. A. BELCOURT, M.P., Ottawa, Ont.

Liberalism and what it has accomplished.

Liberalism has historically been identified with the enlargement of popular freedom, with the struggle against privilege with opposition to the reign of the few. In England its leaders have gradually curbed the power of the Crown, cut down the prescriptive rights of aristo-cracy, attacked the claims of Cabinets. The shibboleth of Liberalism has been enlarged rights for the people. It has been the development and establishment of representative institutions. - Ottawa Citisen May 28th 1897.

#### Queen Victoria Income.

Parliament grants on annuals allowance of /385,000 to Her Majesty made up in the following form: Jesty made up in the following form:

For the Queen's Privy Purse. £ 60,000

For salaries of the various members of the Queen's Household. 231,260

For pensions and retiring allowances to members of the Queen's personal household. 41,240

For Royal bounty and alms, etc. Unspecified margin for special expenditure. 16, 200

36,300

expenditure.

Her Majesty also receives revenue from the Duchy of Lancaster amounting to.

Total ..... £385,000 THE PRINCE OF WALES.

The Prince of Wales receive an

Princess of Wales annual grant, Annual allowance to Prince of Wales children. 36,000

Ontario and Quebec.

HOW EACH PROVINCE IS REPRESENTED IN PARLIAMENT (House of Commons).

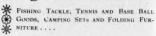
	Total Reprin.	Lawyers.	Doctors,	Notaries.	Journalists.	Ind. members.	Surveyors.	Manufacturers	Merchants.	Farmers.	
ntario	92	12	5	0	2	4	0	17	24	24	
uebec	65	29	8	2	2	5	ı	2	9	7	

# HEARD AT THE JUBILEE.



The "Jubilee" procession was passing bye And the millions stood abreast And gazed about with watchful tye For our Laurier amongst the rest. It was then amidst the uproar high, And heads were turned East and West; Above all voices was heard the cry—Why! WARNOCK'S Bread is by far the best.

# Sporting Goods.\_



### LACROSSES.

SOUVENIRS, DEGORATIONS, FLAGS, Etc.

The Wightman Sporting Goods Go.,

FOR BEST VALUE IN-

# DIAMOND RINGS 60 TO M6MILLAN'S.

Gold and Silver Watches

60 TO McMillan's

To have your EYES Fitted With GLASSES. ..GO TO..

### McMILLAN'S,

JEWELLER and OPTICIAN.
Phone. 1145. 82 SPARKS ST.

For Burnbillity and Qualify unsurpassed.

CANADIAN

NATS

TRADE
MARK.

I nexcelled for Fountain Pens.

Exquisite . . . . Fragrant . . . .

Delightful . . . .

FORGET-ME-NOT'S

FOR THE BREATH

SOLD EVERYWHERE

IN 5cts. PACKAGES.

Stoves . .

Tinware . .

House . .

Furnishinngs.

Roofing and Jobbing...

# J. C. ENRIGHT

331 Wellington St., OTTAWA.



HON, CLIFFORD SIFTON, Minister of Interior.



HON. WM. MULOCK, Postmaster General.



Importations, Fancy Suitings, Overcontings, Pantings, . . . Serges, . . .

Vicunas, etc. In Stock. Latest Novelties.

Patronage solicited.

R. H. CONLEY,

Fashionable Tailor,

P.S.-Near Bank St.

# M. T. BURNS,

174 Queen Street.

OTTA

### HORSESHOER

May be Equalled, but Positively Unexcelled.

Motto :—Prompt attention to business, and neat and competent work.

# POAPS & AULT

Wholesale Jobbers in

BOOTS AND SHOES,

RUBBER GOODS,

MOCCASSINS, &c., &c.

397, 399, 401, 403 Wellington Street,

OTTAWA.

# M. BII

BILSKY,

### Watchmaker, Jeweller and Engrayer.

Just received the latest musical clocks which play new and catchy music hourly. Also chime every 15 minutes, and sound musical alarm.

30 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA,

## HOWE'S BLOCK.



A Splendid Assortment Just Received....

S. J. EDMONDSON,



MATS and FURS at COTE & Co's, ITA RABEAU ST.

JOSEPH COTE,

INSURANCE AGENT.

Alliance Assurance Co., \$35-000,000.
Pluents, of Hartford.
Western Assurance Co.
Canada Accident Assurance
Co.
Plue Glass Assurance Co.
Money to loan on Real Estate.

114 RIDEAU ST.



BANK STREET. OTTAWA freeman 3. Daniels, Hanager, JAMES A

Grand M:
Tham
Sir Oliver Mo

" Sir Oliver I believe that t people would to political ur people. And Canadian I as Canada should not our British hope of a Caua be destroyed Annexation ne It means all that is to us dian character contrasted with pects our neig nexation mean the transfer from ington of all local provincial July 19th, 1892.

The Intercole cost the countr what over \$55.0 when the road the deficits have pluses by more dollars. The follower by year by ye

1877. 1878. 1879. 1880. 1881. 1882. 1883. 1884. 1885. 1885.

1887. 1888. 1889. 1890. 1891. 1892. 1893. 1894. 1895.

\$424

NNIS AND BASE BALL N AND FOLDING FUR-

ES.

S, FLAGS, Etc.

g Goods Go., 403 ST. PAUL STREET.

RINGS LAN'S.

Matches LAN'S With GLASSES.

V'S, PTICIAN 82 SPARKS ST.

mportations, Fancy uitings, Overcontings, antings, . . .

\*\*\*\*\*

Serges. . . Vicunas, etc. In Stock atest Novelties.

Patronage solicited. \*\*\*\*\*

ONLEY. ashionable Tailor, STON STREET.

St.

and Engraver. usical clocks which ourly. Also chime musical alarm.

LOCK. dilmour

ET. OTTAWA. anger.



JAMES A. YOUNG, Esq., Grand Master, I.O.O.F., Thamesford, Ont.

#### Sir Oliver Mowat on Annexation

" Sir Oliver Mowat at Niagara: I believe that the great mass of our people would prefer independence to political union with any other people. And so would I. As a Canadian I am not willing that Canada should cease to be. I am not willing that both our British connection and our hope of a Cauadian nationality shall be destroyed forever. (Cheers). Annexation necessarily means all It means too the abolition of all that is to us preferable in Canadian character and institutions as contrasted with what in these res-pects our neighbors prefer. Annexation means at the same time the transfer from ourselves to Washington of all matters outside of local provincial .- Ottawa Journal, July 19th, 1892.

### Intercolonial Railway.

The Intercolonial Railway has cost the country up to date some-what over \$55,000,000. Since 1868. when the road had its beginnings, the deficits have exceeded the sur-pluses by more than six million dollars. The following is the state-

ment year by year :	
Surplus,	Deficit.
1868\$ 60,792	
1869 67,475	
1870 26,036	
1871 122,720	
1872 27,825	
1873	\$308,435
1874	953,745
1875	670,996
1876	281,065
1877	507,229
1878	447,120
1879	738,984
1880	89,636
1881 1,257	
1882 19,724	
1883 11,558	
1884	
1885	9,947
1886,	67,625
1887	101,615
1888,	232,821
	363,144
1889	251,048
1890	542,213
1891	683,644
1892	479,940
1893 37,607	
1894 21,169	*******
1895 28,253	******
1896	54,360
no de manuel antique p	ROTATE AND SHAPE AND ADDRESS.

\$424,416 \$6,783,567

#### Railways in Canada

EARNINGS AND EXPENDITURE DURING THE PAST YEAR.

WHAT THE CANAL VESSELS TRANS-PORTED.

From the report of the minister of Railways and Canals for the year ended June 30th, 1896.

Miles of completed Railway	16 40
An increase of miles	16,38
Besides miles of siding	296
Miles laids with steal	2,106
Miles laids with steal	16,137
Miles in operation	16,270
CAPITAL.	
Paid up capital	899,817,900
Increase	5,177,341
EARNINGS.	0. 11.01.
Gross earnings	50,545,569
Increase	3,760,082
WORKING EXPENSES	317001002
Aggregated	35,042,655
Increase	
PASSENGERS CARRIED	2,292,986
Passengers carried	
Lassengers carried	14,810,407
Increase	822,827
FREIGHT TRAFFIC.	
Amounted in tons to	24,266,825
Increase,	2,742,404
MILES RUN BY TRAINS	
Total miles run	44,500,602
Increase	3,838,712
	3,030,712

by companies are essentially separate and distinct. The government telegraph system is in conjunction with the Public Works department. It was in 1880 that the government system had its birth. There are 2,692 miles of line altogether in the hands of the government. Of this 2,486 miles are inland lines and 206½ knots cable. The revenue for 1895 was \$8,331.56 against an expenditure of \$49,878.

#### God Bless us All.

God bless our native land With peace, prosperity and health; Be thou, by Thy strong hand, Her sure defence and wealth.

Long may her sons Thy gifts enjoy, And in Thy service find a sweet employ; Faithful and true to Heaven's plan, Marked out by prophets for the Saxon man.

The noble sires from whom we came Fought, bled and died for freedom; Let us their birthright well maintain, And to our children leave as pure a name

God bless our Church with true progress; God bless our Canada with sure success; God bless our Queen with life and favor; God bless us all, now and for ever.



Hon. Sir OLIVER MOWAT, Lieut.-Governor of Ontario.

	7	0	
	4	1	
	N		
1			

J. T. JOHNS, Journalist.

GOVERNMENT ROADS	
Intercolonial system, miles	1,142
Earned	2,957,640
Working expenses,	
Loss	3,012,827
Windows and the	55,187
Number of wiles	
Number of miles	32
Government earnings	36,561
Expenses	16,476
Profit.	20.08#
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND DAY	H.WAY.
Number of miles	211
Earnings,	146,476
Working expenses	
Luss	225,138
ALL GOVERNMENT ROAD	78,662
Daniel GOVERNMENT ROAD	
Earnings	3,140,678
working expenses,	3,254,442
Loss	113,764
CANALS.	
Expenditure	2,952,459
Revenue	339,538
down the St. I	passed

own the St. Lawrence canals to Montreal was 231,491 tons, a decrease of 42,160 tons, as compared with the previous year.
On the Ottawa river canals the

total quantity of freight moved was 541,220 tons, of which 532,084 tons were produce of the forest.

### The Telegraph in Canada

The government telegraphs and the commercial enterprises operated

### Sir Wilfrid Laurier as a Leader.

Mr. Laurier, has displayed some of the highest qualities of leadership as chief of the opposition.

He assumed the leadership at the darkest hour of Liberalism in Canada

But Mr. Laurier took his position with judicial calmness. He let the dead past bury its dead, turned to the future with hope and, gradually, by his genius for organisation, his tact, his capacity for unwearing application to work and his personal magnetism, exercised with equal success on masses of people as upon individuals, he consolidated party, infused new life in it and in the end, carried it to victory. Ottawa Journal, Aug, 22, 1896.

#### The Cost is Henry.

It costs the people of the United \$25,000,000 a year to be born, \$300,000,000 a year to be married and \$900,000,000 to get drunk.



W. C. EDWARDS, M.P., Russell, Ont.

#### Public Debts

The increases in the net public debt of Canada from 1887 to 1896

LILLYC	U	6	C	.,												
Year	e	n	d	iı	1;	g	1	t	11	16	3	3	C	١.		
1887.		٠	,									,				\$4,155,668
1888.						i	÷									7,216,583
1889.	٠	٠	٠		b			٠	٠	٠						2,998,683
1890		í				٠	,	٠				,				3,170
1891.				٠			i	è	×		,					275,818
1892.			,			٠	٠									3,322,404
1893.	٠	٠	٠		۰		٠	۰		٠				,	,	549,605
1894.		٠	,	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	*		٠				,	4,501,990
1895.	٠	۰	۰	۰	٠	۰	٠		٠	٠		٠	۰	,		6,891,898
1896.	,			٠	٠					ė						5,528,831

Total.....\$35,444,550

### Canada's Foreign Trade

The total export and import trade of Canada from 1889 to 1897 was \$2,069,415,059 made up yearly as

,											\$204,414,008
			,					i			218,607,390
								į	ì	į	218,384,934
								į	Ì	Ì	241,369,443
	٠		٠						ì	į	247,638,620
			,			,		į	Ì		240,999,389
			,	٠	į.			į.	ì	Ì	224,420,485
		į.			,		ì	ì	ì	i	228,728,000
											244,852,000

\$2,069,415,059

#### The Lunatic and Mr. Brown,

Lunatic (suddenly popping his head over asylum wall)—What are you doing there?
Brown—Fishing.
Lunatic—Caught anything?

Brown-No. Lunatic-How long have you been fishing?
Brown—Six hours.

Lunatic - Come inside.

### A Noble Man.

Mr. Passmore Edwards, proprietor of the Echo, a London halipenny paper, devotes the profits of it and of other publications which he owns to the rection of useful public insti-tutions. During the twenty years he as acted on this principle 49 buildings have been erected, are being erected or will be immediately erected as a result of his munificence Twenty-five of these are public Iwenty-nve of these are public libraries, literary institutes or mechanics' institutes, or other edu-cational institutions, and nineteen are hospitals or homes for the afflited.

# SPECIAL VALUES IN TEAS.

OUR SPECIAL BRANDS OF

### BLACK TEAS ..

Gray's

For Coughs, SDIUCE

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETO

Call at

OWEN'S

Noted for his Winter Suitings and

Overcoatings.

Suits to order . from \$ 9.50 up

Overcoats to order - from 10.50 up

Pants to order . from 1.95 up

linings, repairing and altering Ladies' and

Gents' Furs Cleaning, dyeing, repair-

ing, altering, turning and pressing. All

work guaranteed and made up in first-

Also particular attention paid to new

Colds, Bron-chitis, Sore

throat, etc.

Are noted for their purity, strength and fine flavor, "SERANDIL," in 3-lb. Lead Packets - - \$1.00 "BURA," in 3-ib. Lead Packets -1.17 "BRAHYMN-GAR-SO," in 5-lb. Tins -2,00

OUR SPECIAL BRANDS OF -

### JAPAN TEAS ..

Are noted for their purity, strength and fine flavor.

5-lb. CADDIES \$1.25 - 3.50 10-lb. CADDIES 20-lb. CADDIES - 5.00

These Tess are put up especially for family use, and are pure and Fresh.

BRYSON, GRAHAM & Co., Sparks and O'Connor Streets, Ottawa.

# R. A. McCormick.

CHEMIST ME DRUGGIST

### 75 Sparks Street ....

PHYSICIANS' AND FAMILY PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.

**承密承密承图承密承密**承

Fine Perfumes and Toilet Articles. Always a Choice Assortment.







THOMAS WILDEY Father of the I.O.O.F. ORDER.

#### A STARTLING EVENT • • •

Is not wrought, but good sense and sound judgment is shown by insuring for a sufficient amount, payable to wife and family.

The Compound Investment Policy Issued by the

# North American Life Assurance Co.

Is an excellent medium for securing to your loved ones in the event of your death ifficient benefits of life insurance. THE NORTH AMERICAN has a larger ratio of assets to liabilities and net surplus to liabilities than

Wm. McCabe, Managing Director,

HEAD OFFICE: -112 to 118 King St. West, Toronto.

DEALER ..

# Garden and Field

SEEDS

EVERYTHING

# FARM AND GARDEN

SPECIALTIES

CANADA GROWN TIMOTHY AND CLO-VERS, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS of Every Description.

CUTTERS, SLEIGHS, ENSI-LAGE, ROOT AND STRAW CUTTERS.

Harness, Robes, Fur Coats, etc.,

Hardware Specialties and Fertilizers.

Kenneth McDonald.

By Ward Market.

OTTAWA.

W. H. CUDDIR.

class style.

# W. H. CUDDIE & Co., General Carters.

TO DANK STREET.

196 ALBERT STREET, OTTAWA.

Moving and Pleasure Vans. Pianos packed. Safes removed, Boilers and all heavy articles removed.

Compariment Furniture Store : 197 and 194 ALBERT STREET.

Dealers in all sizes of HARD and SOFT COAL.

### The O'Keefe Brewery Co. of Toronto, Limited.

Our New Brewery is equipped with the most modern plant, and is not surpassed by any esta-blishment of its size on this continent. The so-ton Refrigerating Machine and Water Tower were the first of the kind introduced into Canada, and will well repay a visit. To enumerate a tenth part of the specialties in this Brewery would take too much space.

SPECIALTIES:

Finest English and Bavarian Hopped Ales in wood and bottles.

Porter in wood and bottle. Pilsoner and Imperial Lager in wood and

EUGENE O'KEEFE, WIDMER HAWKE, President and Manager.

# SUNLIGHT SOAP.

bargest Sale in the World.

Has an output of 2,400 tons per week, equal to a mile of twin bars every to minutes.

Makes Light Work of a Heavy Wash. SEMD IS SUBLIGHT WRAPPERS FOR A PRETTY COLORED PICTURE.

Address

Lever Bros., Ltd., 23 Scott St., Toronto.

Hon, E. H. BI

Ganada's Historical Jubilee

JAMES T. J

And to those in the publication

by contributing

Otta To Out

patronage and s tend a thankful a ing. No more of believe, could be in as brief a fo formation show achieved by Gre and the Province is with pride th the world a rec cendancy which by any nation the To the patriotic public official, th contents of this cannot help being and an interesti publication. Great Britain and her progress, an who have faith possibilities will amir a buoyant ing. Our issue is not complete, furnishes such suffice to acquathe growth and Britain and Briti The greeting's

> Yours. JAMES T

Adv

Advertising is little is a danger Barnum.

Frequent and brought me al Siewart.

I would as ac siness withou advertising. - Joi

Constant and ing is a sure proceed to be sure of the su fine flavor.

\$1.25 2.50 5.00

nd Fleid

DS

ELIKO

LTIES

TOTHY AND CLO AL IMPLEMENTS scription.

EIGHS, ENSI-AND STRAW RS.

Fur Coats, etc.,

cialties and

icDonald, Market,

OTTAWA.

rld. a mile of twin

Wash. DRED PICTURE.

t., Toronto.



Hon. E. H. BRONSON, M.P.P., Ottawa.

### Ganada's Illustrated Historical and Literary Jubilee Souvenir.

JAMES T. JOHNS & Co., Publishers. Ottawa, Jan. 1st, 1898. To Our Readers

And to those who have assisted in the publication of this Souvenir by contributing their advertising patronage and subscribing, we extend a thankful and a hearty greet-No more opportune time, we believe, could be selected to furnish. in as brief a form as possible, in-formation showing the progress achieved by Great Britain, Canada and the Province of Ontario, and it is with pride that we place before the world a record of British as-cendancy which stands unequalled by any nation throughout the Globe. To the patriotic, the studious, the public official, the teacher, etc., the contents of this Canadian Souvenir cannot help being a welcome visitor, and an interesting and instructive publication. Those who admire ireat Britain and with pride read of her progress, and those of Canada who have faith in her great future possibilities will accord this Souing. Our issue, we acknowledge, is not complete, but in substance it furnishes such information as will suffice to acquaint the world with the growth and grandeur of Great Britain and British Possessions. The greeting's of the New Year

Yours, etc., JAMES T. JOHNS & Co., Publishers.

Advertising

Advertising is like learning, "a little is a dangerous thing."-P. T. Barnum.

Frequent and constant advertising brought me all I own.-A. T. lewart.

I would as soon think of doing hisiness without clerks as without lvertising. - John Wanamaker.

Constant and persistent advertising is a sure prelude to wealth. ephen Girard.

#### Facts about the British Empire.

Half the ships in the world are We have a million of soldiers in

India.

We can travel entirely round the world without leaving the British Empire.

The British Navy is as large as that of France, Germany and Russia combined.

There a 400 millions of people in the F at a Empire.

"Goo Tore the Queen," is sung in 20 ler, rages.

We own one-fourth of the rail-ways in U. S. America.

And half the railways in South

We own the largest part of North America, that is, Canada.

The house property in the British Isles is valued at 12,000,000,000.

The railways at 1900,000,000. The shipping at /120,000,000.

There are 1,000 miles of Tramways in the British Isles.

London is as large as New York

#### Imperial representation.

London, Eng., July 5, 1897 .-Wilfrid Laurier, the Dominion Premier, to-day addressed a meeting of members of the House of Commons

known as the Colonial party.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who was cordially received, urged the direct representation of the colonies in the Imperial parliament, which ought to be, he contended, a grand nat-ional council or Imperial federal parliament. ~0

#### Millionaire Barnato.

Barney Barnato, when a boy, once carried potatoes and coal for an old man in order to earn 50 cents to buy a much-coveted necktie. The old man gave him only 35 cents after the work was over, and Bar-nato earned the rest of the money by doing conjuring tricks in saloons and passing round the hat afterward.

#### Bont, but try to be a man.

Don't stand around and wonder why some men succeed. Go to work and discover how they made success possible.



Paris and Berlin combined.

It is go miles in circumference.

There are as many inhabitants as there in Sweden.

The rental is about \$16,000,000.

#### ------Railways of Canada,

A report of the railway administration in India shows that there were last December 20,390 miles of railroad opened for traffic.

#### Salary of the French President.

The President of France has a salary of \$120,000 a year with \$120,000 more for entertaining and travelling.

#### Words of Wisdom

Go out and do a good work to humanity, and you will do more than if you prayed in your church from morning to-night.

#### Populations of great Cities

London, 1891	4,231,43
Greater New York, 1897.	3,100,000
Paris, 1891	2,447,957
Berlin, 1895	1,677,35
Canton (estimated)	1,600,000
Vienna, 1891	1,364,548
Tokio, 1893	1,214,11;
Philadelphia, 189a	1,142,65
Chicago, 1890	1,099,850
St. Petersburg, 1892	1,035,430
Pekin (estimated)	1,000,000

#### Worms Save Us From Starvation

In old pastures in England the worms are estimated at 22,000 to the acre, and as many as 54,000 in richly-cultivated gardens. The number of worms in the rich pasture is estimated at from 400,000 to 800,000 to the acre. Were it not for the earthworms soils would become barren, and half the world would die of starvation.



Hon. A. G. BLAIR, Minister of Railways and Canals.

## Table shewing the Reigns of Kings and Queens of England from William the Conqueror. NORMANDY.

NORMANDY.		
	Acen.	Yrs.
William I	1066	21
William II	1087	13
Henry I	1100	35
Stephen	1135	19
PLANTAGENET		
Henry II	1154	35
Henry II	1189	10
John Henry III Edward I	1199	17
Henry III	1216	56
Edward I	1272	35
Edward II	1307	20
Edward III	1327	50
Richard II	1377	22
LANCASTER.		
Henry IV	1399	13
Henry V	1413	9
Henry VI	1422	39
Edward IV		(1)
Edward IV	1461	22
Edward V	1483	
Richard III	1483	2
TUDOR.	1 3	
Henry VII	1485	24
Henry VIII	1500	38
Edward VI	1547	6
Mary	1553	5
Elizabeth	1558	44
STUART.	. 33-	77
James I	1603	24
Charles I	1625	24
Charles II	1660	241/4
James II	1685	34
Wm. II and Mary .	1688	14
Anne	1702	12
HANOVER.	.,0	
George I	1714	14
George II	1727	231/4
George III	1760	60
George III George IV	1820	10
William IV	1830	7
Victoria	1837	60
Victoria IIIIII	10.37	00

#### God Save the Queen

Dean Hall has rewritten the second stanza of the national anthem. Here is the stanza as it has stood for almost two hundred years:

O Lord our God arise, Scatter her enemies, And make them fall;

Confound their politics, Frustrate their knavish tricks, On Thee our hopes we fix; God save us all.

Here is the venerable dean's amended version:

O Lord our God, arise, Scatter her enemies

Make wars to cease : Keep us from plague and dearth, Turn Thou our woes to mirth, And over all the earth

Let there be peace.

# Railway . . .

The New Route to the Far-Famed Saguenay-

And the Only Rail Line to the Delightful Summer Resorts and Fishing Grounds north of Quebec, and to LAKE ST. JOPN and CHICOUTIMI, through the

Canadian Adirondacks.

Trains connect at Chicoutimi with Saguenay Steamers for

TADOUSAC, CACOUNA, MURRAY BAY AND OUEBEC. A round trip unequalled in America, through matchless Forest, Mountain, River and LakeScenery, down the majestic Saguenay by daylight and back to Fortress City,

TOUCHING AT ALL THE BEAUTIFUL SEA-SIDE RESORTS

on the Lower St. Lawrence, with their chain of Commodious Hotels. HOTEL ROBERVAL, Lake St. John, has first-class accommodation for 300 guests, and is run in counection with the Island House, at Grand Discharge, of Lake St. John, the centre of the OUANANICHE Fishing

PARLOR AND SLEEPING CARS. MAGNIFICENT SCENERY. BEAUTIFUL CLIMATE. Apply to the Ticket Agents of all Principal Cities. A beautifully Illustrated Guide Book free on application.

ALEX. HARDÝ.

Gen. Pass. Agt., Quebec, Can.

J. G. SCOTT, Secy, and Manager,

MEADQUARTERS FOR

### SPORTING GOODS OF ALL KINDS.

Guns, Rifles, Ammu- Doxing Gloves, Punnition, Shells loaded to order; Hunting outfits, Camping outfits, Fishing Tackle.

ching Bags, Footballs, Cutlery of all kinds, Opera and Field Glasses,

SHELF AND HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

Wholesale and Retail.

Agents for Winchester Arms and Ammunition,

MARTIN SPORTING RIFLESTER

### MILES BIRKETT.

Successor to J. D. HUNTON & Co.

334 Wellington St., Ottawa.

Rheumatism

QUEBEC & LAKE ST JOHN RAILWAY

Kidney Disorders

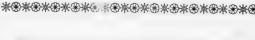
MANA-KAVA MEDICINE COMPANY,

Further enlargement of 40 Rooms.

Ottawa, Can.

Leslie & Co...

Proprietors.





DOMINION PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS.



# NEWCOMBE.



For 26 years the synonym of the best and highest development in Piano Manufacture.

The recipient of highest awards from International and Local Expositions.

Preferred by Artists, Amateurs, and acknowledged to be

ARTISTIC **STANDARD** OF CANADA

Write for Catalogue and full information . . . .

O. NEWGOMBE & GO., 141 SPARKS St., OTTAWA.

# S. & H. BORBRIDGE,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL . . DEALERS IN . .

Leather, Saddlery-Hard-ware, Robes and Whips.

-ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF

Saddles, Harness, Trunks Valises, Bags, Satchels, Horse-Blankets, Beef and Oil-Tanned Moccasins.

88, 90, 92 and 94 Rideau St. 15 to 23 Mosgrove St. And 186 Sparks Street.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

# The Ottawa Printing Co.

First-@lass Job Printers ...

### 5 MOSGROVE STREET

OTTAWA.



The beading Commercial Hotel. OPPOSITE CITY HALL AND RUSSELL THEATRE.

H. ALEXANDER, PROP.

A Splen

ONTARIO'S PRO-A SURPLUS

Prior to the 1 1871 which brou power, the right tary elections wa tenants or occur ty to the value \$300 in towns ar and incorporate law required th officer to record each candidate a the voter stating he voted. Since changes have ta tending the rig sons earning an than \$400. (2) ing by ballot. at municipal ele by ballot on which are requir to the people. (5 tended to farmer ring the right of tely all wage-ear suffrage establis

tive assembly. ONTARIO'S 1881... 1891.....

1896, . . . . . . . An increase in LABOR NOT

Under this hea has been made, for the protectio (1) The mechan An act to facility ween masters a To facilitate the putes between men. (4) To ma or attachment th due to a labor n unless the sum \$25, and then or of such excess. vision for the sa ployees and the Ontario Factorie tion for employ assignment of re perty. (8) To s to workmen for (9) To protect t from oppressive foreigners.

> PROVINCIAL RI For a number of

MPORIUM

LL KINDS.

Gloves, Pun-Bags, Foot-Cutlery of all Opera and Glasses.

HARDWARE

mmunition,

(ETT. N & Co.

Ottawa.

# MBE.

synonym of est developnufacture.

hest awards and Local

rtists, Amledged to be

RDCANADA

talogue tion . . . .

E & GO., OTTAWA.



al Hotel.

ER, PROP.

government was engaged in resisting unjust and unwarranted en-croachment on Provincial Rights, and Ontario won every time.

THE INSURANCE CASE.

The Privy Council decided in favor of the Statute First blood for Ontario.

THE ESCHEATS CASE.

The Privy Council decided in favor of Ontario. Second blood for

THE RIVER AND STREAMS BILL.

allowed by the Dominion Governing in 1877. The ment, and as often enacted by the twenty years old.

QUEEN'S COUNSEL.

On December 8th 1897 the Minister of Justice was officially informed that the Privy Council had affirmed the decision of the Appeal Court of Ontario affirming the power of the Lieutenant-Governor of the province to appoint Queen's

The decision means that not only Ontario, but every province, has the right to appoint Queen's counsel for their own courts. The Dominion disputed this right.

The Ontario statute over which This was three times dis- this controversy arose was passed wed by the Dominion Govern- in 1877. The trouble is thus



P.G.M., J. R. REID, I.O.O.F., Ottawa.

making Ontario, in the matter of such accommodation, one of the most adequately equipped countries in the world.

DRAINAGE INVESTMENTS.

The amount invested in Municipalities for drainage, the province taking as security, municipal debentures, is nearly \$2,000,000.

INSTITUTIONS MAINTAINED BY THE PROVINCE.

The Public Institutions maintained entirely at the cost of the province include :

Central Prison. Mercer Reformatory.

Penetanguishene Reformatory. Lunatic Asylum, Toronto.

London. Hamilton.

Kingston. Idiot Asylum, Orillia, Institution for the blind, Brant-

Institution for deaf and dumb,

Belleville. And the following are partially

maintained by the province : 50 County jails, 20 District lock-ups.

22 Hospitals. 23 Houses of refuge.

30 Orphans asylums.

5 Magdalen asylums.

AGRICULTURO, FORESTRY, HEALTH, IMMIGRATION, ETC.

The following are a few of the

many Acts passed to foster and protect the above :

(1) Compulsory cleansing of private premises (2) The Agricultural College, Guelph, opened (3) Townships authorized to borrow money from the Provincial Government to enable farmers to drain their lands (4) Protection of plum and cherry trees (5) Protection of peach and nectarine trees (6) Bureau of Indus-tries established (7) Creation of a permanent Board of Health (8) A new tree planting Act (9) To pre-vent the spread of noxious weeds (10) Appointment of an Advisory Board of practical agriculture (11) Commissioner of Agriculture given full ministerial powers and the office of Minister of Agriculture created



GEO. O'KEEFE, M.P.P. Ottawa.

A Splendid Record.

ONTARIO'S PROGRESS SINCE 1871. A SURPLUS OF \$5,258,324.

Prior to the general elections of 1871 which brought the Liberals into power, the right to vote at Parliamentary elections was confined to owners, tenants or occupants of real proper-ty to the value of \$400 in cities, \$300 in towns and \$200 in townships and incorporated villages, and the law required the deputy-returningofficer to record the votes given for each candidate at his polling place, the voter stating publicly for whom he voted. Since then the following changes have taken place (1) Extending the right of voting to persons earning an income of not less than \$400. (2) Introduction of voting by ballot. (3) Voting by ballot at municipal elections. (4) Voting by ballot on municipal by-laws which are required to be submitted to the people. (5) The franchise extended to farmers sons. (6) Conferring the right of voting on practica-tely all wage-earners. (7) Manhood suffrage established for the legisla-

								-												
																				on.
87	ī			٠		٠			٠	٠	٠		٠	,	6		,			1,620,834
88	İ	۰	,		٠	٠			٠	9	٠	٠	٠		٠	,				1,923,228
89	I		٠		٠	٠	,	,	0	۰	,	٠	٠	,	b			,		2,114,321
89	6		,	٠					0	ı	٠		0	p	٠	۰		٠	٠	2,262,367

An increase in 25 years of 641,533.

LABOR NOT NEGLESCEN.
Under this heading great progress
has been made, and numerous acts
has been made, and numerous acts
(Comm. of Public Works. (1) The mechanics Lien act. (2) An act to facilitate agreements between masters and workmen. (3) To facilitate the adjustment of disputes between masters and workmen. (4) To make free from seizure or attachment the wages or salary due to a labor mechanic or servant, unless the sum due to him exceeds \$25, and then only for the amount of such excess. (5) To make provision for the safety of railway employees and the public. (6) The Ontario Factories act. (7) Protection for employees in case of an assignment of real or personal property. (8) To secure compensation to workmen for personal injuries. (9) To protect the Ontario laborer from oppressive competition of

PROVINCIAL RIGHTS DEFENDED. For a number of years the Ontario



Hon, E. J. DAVIS, Provincial Secretary,



Hon, A. S. HARDY,
Premier & Attorney General,
Hon, G. W. ROSS,
Minister of Education.

Hon, J. M. GIBSON, Comm. of Crown Lands.

Ontario Government. The Privy Council decided that Ontario was right. Third blood for Ontario.

THE LIQUOR LICENSE CASE.

The Privy Council decided in favor of Ontario. Fourth blood for Ontario.

THE BOUNDARY CASE,

The Privy Council decided in favor of Ontario Fifth blood for Ontario.

THE TIMBER AND MINERALS CASE.

The Privy Council decided in favor of Ontario. Sixth blood for Ontario,

Seventh blood for Ontario. COLONIZATION ROADS.

To make accessable and valuable the Free Grant Districts nearly 5,000 miles of new roads have been built; nearly 10,000 miles repaired, and nearly 70,000 feets of Bridges

Hon, R. HARCOURT, Provincial Treasurer

RAHAWAY AID.

The Ontario Government has paid tomunicipalities, under the Municipal Loan Fund Act as aid to Colonization Railways nearly \$2,500,000 and to Railways direct nearly \$10,000,000. As a result nearly 4,000 miles of railway have been built .

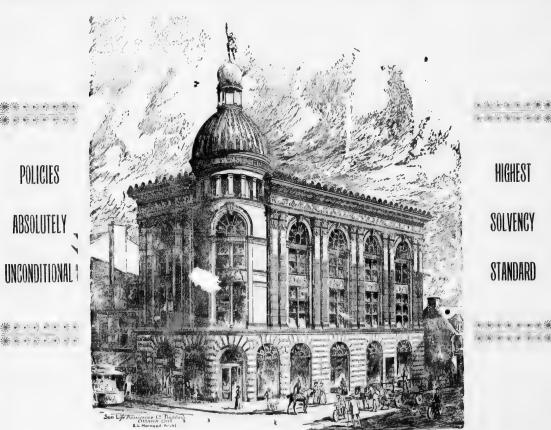
# Prosperous and Progressive!!!

The above has ever been the Watchword of . . .

# THE SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

The accompanying cut of the ornate structure erected by the company at the junction of the two main business arteries of the city is a most impressive object lesson on the progressive spirit of the SUN LIFE'S EXECUTIVE. and it is needless to say that this action is highly appreciated by the Citizens of Ottawa generally.

Of course the SUN LIFE is practically and intimately identified with Ottawa by its long list of policyholders, but this handsome building will permanently identify the company with the Capital City of the Dominion.



THE NEW "SUN LIFE" BUILDING.

The company's aggressive policy of extension along safe and profitable lines is developing its business at a phenominal rate. New applications for 1897 will total about Sixteen Millions. Examine the Company's new and attractive forms of Policy Contract.

R. MACAULAY,

President.

HON, A. W. OGILVIE,

Vice-President.

T. B. MACAULAY,

Secretary and Actuary.

D.D.G.M., CHAS I.O.O.F.,

(12) To provide supplying milk, ch (13) To prevent that tageous diseases of foul brood amon

IMM

The number of working people, no skilled labor, bu means and dome brought into the 500,000, whose effection of over \$7,000.

THEY TELL

Under the invig assistance given government all o institutions have b are flourishing:

The Agriculture

The Veterinary ( The Agriculture Societies.

The Fruit-growe The Entomologic The Dairymen's The Poultry Ass

The Bee Keepers
The Ontario Cre

The Farmers In

Ontario is the for her educations is recognized, in the to the best in Eur any where on the nent. Money, tim perience have been unbegrudgingly to ce in educational ma me position in whi day, and which for years. Since 18 for practical science in mining, engin hasbeen created (2) public school have I The counties of Pro were authorized t school for the tri teachers (4) \$50, enlarging the sc science (5) The \$600 for the susten

JOHN R. REID, Manager, Eastern Ontario.

s arteries needless

s, but this

HEST

ENCY

\* \*\*\*\*

D.D.G.M., CHAS. A. ABBOTT, I.O.O.F., Ottawa.

> (12) To provide against fraud in supplying milk, cheese and butter (13) To prevent the spread of contageous diseases (14) Suppression of foul brood among bees.

#### IMMIGRATION.

The number of immigrants-not working people, nor skilled, nor unskilled labor, but farmers with means and domestic servicesbrought into the province is over 500,000, whose effects had a valuation of over \$7,000,000.

#### THEY TELL THE STORY.

Under the invigorating aid and assistance given by the Ontario government all of the following institutions have been created and are flourishing :

The Agriculture and Art Associa-

The Veterinary College. The Agriculture and Horticulture

Societies.

The Fruit-grower's Association.

The Entomological Society,

The Dairymen's Association. The Poultry Association.

The Bee Keepers Association. The Ontario Creameries Association.

The Farmers Institutes.

### EDUCATION.

Ontario is the pride of Canada for her educational facilities. She is recognized, in this line, as equal to the best in Europe, Canada or any where on the American continent. Money, time, study and ex-perience have been used freely and unbegrudgingly to place the province in educational matters in the supreme position in which we find her today, and which she has occupied for years. Since 1871 (1) A school for practical science for instruction in mining, engineering and the mechanical and manufacturing arts has been created (2) Two inspectors of public school have been appointed (3) The counties of Prescott and Russell were authorized to open a model school for the training of French steachers (4) \$50,000 was voted for enlarging the school of practical science (5) The government voted \$600 for the sustenance of the French model school at the village of Plantagenet (6) \$15,000 was voted for supplying the necesssary machinery and apparatus for a complete course in civil engineering, mining engineering and mechanical engineering.

EVIDENCE OF PROGRESS.

In 1871-There was one Normal school.

In 1889--There was two Normal schools.

In 1871-There were no county Model schools for training teachers. In 1889-There were 58 county Model schools for that purpose.

In 1871-There were no training Institutes for High School masters. In 1889—There were 5 training

Institutes for that purpose In 1871-There was no Art school for teaching mechanies, etc.

In 1889—There were 8. In 1871—There were no properly organized Teachers Associations.

In 1889-There were 66 Teachers Institutes attended 6882 teachers.

In 1871-There were only 51 Mechanics Institutes.

In 1889—There 179 such institutes, with libraries aggregating 252,832 volumns. To the assistance of these up to 1889 the Ontario

and even in some cases for business purposes, is a matter of considerable importance to them. We will not allow our opponents to assume that all this zeal for one national language is the outcome of patriotic enthusiasm for the unification of the country and the perpertration of civil liberty. I think it requires but little penetration to see though their veil of hypocracy under which all their pretentions are concealed.

A few years ago, Prescott, Russel and Essex were represented in the Local Legislature by conservatives. There was no cry then of French aggression, and French invasion. So long as they (The Tories) received the policial support of the Frenchman he was good, intelligent, progressive citizen, but when he became a Liberal, and showed his appreciation of the Mowat Government he is "a South African Hottentot and a garlic eater, his children are half naked, and his wife takes weeding onion beds and fishing in the nearest stream (cheers and laughter). Charming gratitude this, to say the best



ONTARIO PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS.

Government had contributed \$108,-

#### HIS PATRIOTIC UTTERANCES

Speaking in Toronto in June 1890 Hon, Mr. Ross, Minister of Educa-Hoh. Mr. Ross, Minister of Educa-tion, referring to Mr. Craig's Bill, introduced in the Legislature, and which "opposed the training of teachers for French Schools" and provided that "the English language only should be taught" said:
"In dealing with French and German in our Schools, we will not allow our French and German citizens to be regarded as aliens. They are not aliens in any sense of the term (cheers). I must be allowed to repudiate in the strongest terms pears to have taken such stronghold upon some people, as entirely rep-ugnant to the development of a national spirit and the unification of

the people of this county.

If the British Government can tolerate French in the Channel Islands, Welsh in Wales, Gallic in Scotland and Erse in Ireland, we can surely allow our French and German fellow citizens to receive instruction in the language which for social and domestic purposes ONTARIO'S FINANCES FOR 1897.

The public accounts for the ten months to 1st of November show:

RECEIPTS.	
Dom. Gov. subsidy	\$1,196,872
Interest from all sources,	234,647
Crown Lands Department	1,377,477
Licenses	289,157
Law stamps	50,563
Algoma taxes	820
Education Department	50,324
Casual revenue	115,104
Succession duties	83,546
Public institutions revenue	70,488
Central Prison industries	15,000
Sale of annuities	156,342
Sundry other revenues	52,701
Total revenue	82 602 128

Sundry other revenues	52,701
Total revenue \$3	,693,138
EXPENDITURE,	
Civil government and legisla-	
tion \$	348,430
Administration of justice	358,642
Education	673,189
Maintenance of public institu-	
tions	692,059
Immigration	6,767
Agriculture	168,052
Hospitals, charities, grants	192,694
Repairs, etc	79,121
Colonization roads	79,791
Crown Lands expenditure	164,347
Miscellaneous	1.14,205
Capital account, expenditure	
and sundries	292,356
Total 0	
Total	3,200,218
Excess of receipts over expen-	100 000
diture 8	492,919

#### G.C.P., GEO, BELL, LO.O.F., Ottawa.

#### ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.

The acceste age t

the assets are:
Direct investments
Dominion government 2,758,136
Common school fund. 1,441,882 Bank balance 724,882
7793 Aur A
Total 5,291,968
The liabilities at present payable
are:
Due municipalities \$ 1,291
Land improvement fund 6.028
Ontario's share of Ontario col-
lections on account of com-
mon school lands, 1800-96. 26,325
11. 11 1
Foral liabilities
Surplus
THE ESTIMATES.
The expenses are:
Civil Government8252,932 00
Legislation
Administration of justice, 437,302 00
Education
Public institutions and main-
tenance, 814,889 00
Immigration 10,325 00
Agriculture 195,290 00
Hospitals and charities 181,147 47
Maintenance and repairs of
government and depart-
mental buildings 77,800 or
Public buildings, repairs, 17,560 00
Capital accounts
Capital Account, 05,040 00
Public works, repairs 12,400 00
Colonization roads 05,340 00
Charges on Crown lands 150.045 00
Refund accont 19,500 00
Statute consolidation 20,000 00
Miscellaneous expenditure 116,425 00
Unforseen and unprovided for 50,000 00

#### Press Comments.

During the ensuing year the Ontario provincial grants to education will amount to \$721,382.08; in the same period Québec will grant \$430,010 for education. This is one line in which Ontario's people can contemplate increasing expenditure with satisfaction. - Ottawa Journal, (conservative) Dec. 17 1897.

Conservative) Dec. 17 1097.

A difference between Ontario and Quebec Budgets is that Quebec has \$1,550,574 to pay each year as interest on her public debt, while Ontario has no public debt. - Ottawa Journal (conservative) Dec. 15th. 1897.

henominal forms of

Actuary.



MOTHER AND CHILD.



TENNESSEE ODDFELLOWS' HOME.

# M. BILSKY,



Licensed Pawnbroker . . .

- 1041/2 RIDEAU ST.

Money advanced from 25 cents to \$5,000. Business strictly confidential.



# J. F. ST. LOUIS,

BARBER . . .

To the House of Commons and Senate.

= = Proprietor of the = =

WINDSOR SHAVING PARLOR,

COR. QUEEN AND METCALE STS.

MOTTO - "THE BEST."

**GURD'S** 

GINGER ALE.

SODA WATER.

APPLE NECTAR.

CREAM SODA, etc.

To be obtained from all First-Class Grocers Hotels and Restaurants . . . .

2 Gold, 3 Silver, 5 Bronze Medals and 16 Diplomas awarded for Superior Excellence.

CHARLES GURD & Co.,

MONTREAL

Whether for medicinal use or as retreshing beverages you will always find goods excellent in flavor, rich in quality and nover injurious.

We guarantee you a safe and trusty article in every instance.



PROGRESSIVENESS.

HON. D

HER STRUGG

Under the g Danish Prince chose as then Greeks have in importance vince of their been wrung fr saly was the la Moslem powe Greek jurisdic

Her annals fought againsi ng odds. F 480 B, C., wh 700 Thespia Leonidas, gav 200,000 Per where a han on October 13 force of Tur endless list of the Hellenese ly against foer them over any control of the over any

anci 1—Battle ober, 490 B. 11,000 Gree Persians.

2-Battle

Under Pausa defeated 300, 3—Naval b Greek flett defeated Pers them ten to c 4—Battle

pylae, 480 Greeks defer against mor sians. 5—Battle

5—Battle C. Philip of Alexander th Athenians an

6—Battle force of Gre fortress by st 7—Battle Greek patric 5,000 defeate

ber of Turks 8—Battle victory won over the Tur 9—Battle Greek patric

and Lord B ish army in 1823.

A small flee

KY,

\*\*\*\*

et . . .

- 1041/2 RIDEAU ST.

nts to \$5,000.



HON. DR. BORDEN, Minister of Militia and Defence.

#### Greece's Story.

HER STRUGGLES FOR LIFE AND

Under the guidance of the shrewd Danish Prince, George, whom they chose as their King in 1863, the Greeks have been steadily growing in importance. Province after province of their ancient empire has been wrung from the Turks. Thesaly was the last to be torn from the Moslem power, coming back under Greek jurisdiction by treaty in 1881.

Her annals are replete with battles fought against the most overwhelming odds. From Thermopylae, in 480 B. C.. where 300 Spartans and 700 Thespians, under the Greek Leonidas, gave battle to more than 200,000 Persians in Tripolitza, where a handful of Greek patriots, on October 17, 1821, routed a vast force of Turks, there is an almost endless list of conflicts into which the Hellenese went with unwaveringly against foemen who outnumbered them over and over again.

#### ANCIENT BATTLES.

1—Battle of Marathon, September, 490 B. C. Under Miltindese 11,000 Greeks defeated 100,000 Persians.

2—Battle of Platea, 497 B. C. Under Pausanius 110,000 Greeks defeated 300,000 Persians.

3-Naval battle of Salamis. The Greek flett under Themostocles, defeated Persian ships outnumbering them ten to one.

4—Battle of the pass of Thermopylae, 480 B. C. One thorsand Greeks defended the pass for days against more than 200,000 Persians.

5—Battle of Chaeronea, 338 B. C. Philip of Macedonia, father of Alexander the Great, defeated the Athenians and Boetians.

MODERN BATTLES.
6—Battle of Tripolitza. A small force of Greeks took the Turkish fortress by storm, A. D. 1821.

7—Battle of Portras, A. D. 1821. Greek patriots to the number of 5,000 defeated four times their num-

5,000 deteated tool thicks the highest ber of Turks, A. D. 1823.

8—Battle of Corinth. Decisive victory won by the Greek patriots over the Turks, A. D. 1824.

9—Battle of Missolonghi. The

9—Battle of Missolonghi. The Greek patriots under Marco Bozaris and Lord Byron repelled the Turkish army in its full strength, A. D.

1823. 10—Naval battle of Kaphireus. A small fleet of Greek ships defeated

the Turkish squadron, A. D. 1825. Alexander started out on the

Alexander started out on the conquest of the East in 334 B. C. His father, Philip Macedon, had established himself firmly in Greece in 338 B. C., and was chosen to lead the allied armies againts the Persians. Alexander succeeded to the throne in 336 B. C., and after crushing what opposition remained in Athens, began his tour of conquest. For ten years he cut his way at the head of his forces through the richest lands of the world, subjugating empires, kingdoms and principalities. He died at Babylon in 323 B. C., and from that time Greek power began to crumble, until there came the total subjugation of the Grecian people.

Out of the wreek there rose the new kingdom of Greece in 1821 A, D., as the result of the revolution

against the Turks.

It took seven year's fighting on the part of the Greeks to gain independence, and them only to find new troubles in civil strife. There were revolutions and counter revolutions until George was elected to



Hon. SIR LOUIS H. DAVIES, Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

the throne. Since then the country has been quietly forging ahead in spite of the handicap of weakness and poverty. Every change has been for the better, and every few years has seen the addition of a new slice of territory, even if it was only a small island.

#### Education in Quebec

COMPARISON BETWEEN ONTARIO AND

QUEBEC.

The following table shows the percentage of persons able to read and write at certain ages:

		Ontario.	Quebec
Under	r 10	24'1	12'8
to to	19	94'2	77'7
20 to	29	94.8	75'7
30 to	39	92.6	68'2
40 to	59	88'5	59'1
Go and	d over	79'5	37.8
Ager	not given	47'a	30'3

#### Parliament and the Budget

The dates upon which Parliament has met and upon which the budget speech has been delivered from 1879 to 1896, are as follows:—

Year.	Met.	Delivered.
1879	February 13	March 14
1880		March 9
1881	December 9	February 18
1882	. February 8	February 24
1883		March 20
1884		February 29
1885		March 3
1886		March 30
1887		May 12
1888		April 27
1889		March 5
1890		March 27
1891	. April 29	June 23
1892		March 23
1893	. January 23	February 14
1804	. March 15	March 27
1895		May 31
1896		January 31

#### Value of Canadian Fisheries.

They are worth protecting—worth fighting for. Their value from 1871 to 1896—25 years totals \$309,273,-407.



WM. HUTCHISON, M.P.

#### Value of Silver and Gold.

In 1000	B.C.	Silver	stood	12	to	1	
500	4.6	6.6	6.6	13		1	
500	A.D.	6.6	6.6	18		1	
1100	4.6	6.6	4.6	11		1	
1400	4.6	4.4	6.6	8		1	
1454	6.6	6.6	6.6	6		1	
1550	6.6	6.6	6.6	2		1	
1600	4.0	8.6	6.6	10		1	
1725	6.6	6.6	6.6	13		1	
1800	6.6	4.4	6.6	15		1	
1876	6.6	6.6	6.6	20		1	

#### Capital invested in Canadian Gold Diggings.

The capital employed in the development of Canada's gold mines is as follows, by provinces:

British Columbia	\$256,321,075
Ontario	32,094,900
Nova Scotia	594,000
New Brunswick	1,030,000
Manitoba	50,000

Total..... \$290,089,975

#### Imperial Forces and their Cost.

SIR CHARLES DILKE ON THIS SUBJECT.

The total expenditure upon Imperial defence by the British Empire in the financial year 1396-97 was about sixty-one millions sterling at the least.

The expenditure without counting that of the self-governing colonies, was £59,506,000. Of this our land forces accounted for £35,656,000, and our sea forces for £23,850,000.

The total expenditure upon the navy in every form, including naval works and Indian marine, is under twenty-four millions sterling.

Our ships cost us far less than the price of similar ships built by other powers; and they are, on the whole, at least as well built.

#### British Columbia Minerals.

The aggregate product for the last seven years are as follows:

Year.											Value.
1890											.\$2,668,608
											. 3,546,709
1892							,	. ,		,	. 3,017,971
1893	٠.				,	,		*			. 3,588,413
1894		į.			,						. 4,225,717
1895											. 5,655,302
1896				٠.							. 7,146,425
British	C	ol	111	m	hi	a	,	9	t	n	inerals have

British Columbia's minerals have produced wealth amounting to the enormous sum of over \$100,000,000 as follows:

as follows:	
Gold (placer)\$	57,704,855
Gold (lode)	2,177,869
Silver	4,028,224
Lead	1,606,427
Copper	254,802
Coal and coke	33,934,427
Building stone, bricks,	
etc	1,200,000
Other metals	25 000

#### Total . . . . . \$100,931,604

# Canadian Jubileo Address.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in moving the adoption of the Jubilee Address of the Canadian Parliament to Her Maiesty on June and, said in part: "It has been our privilege, to live under what is certainly one of the most illustrious reigns in all history, certainly the most glorious of British history. \* \* \* The personalty of the sovereign herself has been higher in everything than has been tended to cultivate and adorn her reign. \* \* \* Perhaps one of her chief glories, perhaps the chiefest of all her glories, is that so far as she has been a sovereign, she has been in every sense a model constitutional sovereign.

#### Fisheries of Canada

Salmon last yielded in Canada \$3,700,000. Next in value comes herrings, \$2,786,000, and then lobsters, \$2,210,000.



VENESS.

#### The City of Ottawa.

The City of Ottawa, capital of the Dominion of Canada, situated on the bank of the Ottawa River, is 120 miles from Montreal, the same distance from Kingston, 75 miles from Brockville, and 280 miles from Toronto, and is reached by steamers on the Ottawa River and the Rideau Canal, Canadian Pacific, Canada Atlantic, Ottawa, Arnprior and Parry Sound, Ottawa and Gatineau, Pontiac and Pacific Junction and Ottawa and New York railways.

By-Town (now Ottawa) was founded in 1827, in January 1855, it was incorporated as a city with 10,000 of a population and selected as the seat of Government by Her Majesty the Queen in 1857.

It is the centre of great lumbering operations of the Ottawa Valley, and in the manufacture of square timber and sawn lumber.

The following table shows the

growth of the city:
Incorporated as a town the popu

Theor																						u-	
ation c																							
1855																							
1861																							
1871					v				٠		٠	,			,		2	15	, 5	4	5		
1881			,			٠			,	,						,	1	I	.3	ó	7		
1891			٠	٠			,										4	4	, 1	5	4		
1897				٠													-	3	.7	2	5		
The	f	c	1	k	v	v	in	18			t	a	ł	1	e	S	h	ov	vs		th	ie	
rea by		v	i	11	d	1	:																

WARD	ACRES
Victoria	. 380
Dalhousie	. 440
Wellington	
Central.	. 675
St. George's	. 484
By	. 202
Ottawa	. 284
Rideau	. 222

		0
Total a	cres	3,365
Apppe	Carnam	

Incr	ea	Se	. 1	Fo	90	,	5	20	. 5	2		\$	081015
1897		•			٠							21	,947.535
1898					ě	·					,	\$2:	2,922.450

	Increase	tor	1898.	٠.	\$ 0	984.915
	ASSESSED	AND	EXEM	PT	FOR	1898.
I	ssessed Exempt				\$22,0	922.450 81,250
	Total	valu	e		\$38,6	02.700

POPULATION.	
1897	53,727
1896	51,540
Increase for 1897	2,187
LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS.	
1807 \$1	21. 262

TAXES FOR 1897.
Total amount collected.. .\$433.750

#### Manitoba's Population Census 1896.

By constituencies the population in 1896 was as follows:

in 1896 was as follows	
Macdonald	30,404
Provencher	
Brandon	
Selkirk	
Marquette	17,923
Lisgar	
Winnipeg	31,649

193,425

Mayor Bingham.

OTTAWA'S MAYOR FOR 1898.

Mr. Samuel Bingham, by acclamation, has become Ottawa's Mayor for 1898. After a year's service as Chief-Magistrate, which for earnest devotion to the city's interests is unsurpassed Mayor Bingham of 1897, without opposition has become Mayor Bingham for 1898. There was no dark horse in the field. Imagination created one. Reality blightesd imagination's hopes, and exposed its untenable position. He who would have opposed Mayor Bingham in his seeking a renewal of the electors confidence, would have shown a rare daring front, and the attitude of one who was willing to enter the contest for the sake of showing fight, and with the full expectation and knowledge that defeat awaited him. Under such circumstances there are few in number who would face an opponent whose record for the past year is illuminated with

For his opposition, while an alderman, to the wild-cat schemes which during his term, were introduced into the council. (4). For the re-forms he introduced and the monies he saved the city. (3). For his citizenship and record of half a century. These fortified with the claims that, through his efforts, while he was chairman of the board of works the steam-roller was purchased, that at his own expense, when Rideau bridge had become unfit for public traffic, he had had it repaired that through his efforts the Sparks street pavement became an accomplished fact and that it was he who introduced and had adopted by the council, Rule 100, which prohibts the expenditure of any and all public monies until the sanction of the finance committee and the council has been secured, gave him the election by a large majority. The total vote cast was 7,139, divived as follows: Bingham 2,712; Crannell 2,558; Cluff 1,809.

Now the question is what has he done during his term of office? or rather what has he not done! No



SAMUEL BINGHAM, Esq., Mayor of Ottawa.

watchful, faithful and devoted service to the city's interests, and at times when such services were evident to all common sense and common decency should keep silent from opposition until a better and more opportune time had arrived all whose inclinations and ambition prompt them to aspire to the Chief-Magistracy of the Capital. During the year just ending Mayor Bingham has never lost an opportunity to look after and protect the city's interests, while his charitable deeds, courteous and kindly bearing, and his ever-ready willingness to accede to every reasonable request are well-known and well recognized and well appreciated by all right thinking people. When Mayor Bingham was soliciting the suffrages of the electors last year— he based his claims upon five special points. (1) His length of se vice as alderman in the city. (2). For what he had accomplished for the city while he was an alderman. (3).

man could do more. Day and night he has day in and day out devoted himself to the city's interests. When the cry came from India for help he was one of the first to extend the helping hand, and \$100 of his good money went to swell the famine fund. He presented the city of Ottawa, after he had spent hundred of dollars on it to convert it from a mud hole into a comfortable and respectable leisure spot, with "Bingham Square". His yearly civic allowances of \$1,000 he gave to the various charitable institutions and hundred of dollars from his private purse he gave to help the To the Central Canada Fair he gave a medal, time, attention and assistance. When fire devasted Casselman and other points along the line of the Canada Atlantic who more readily went to the assistance of the distressed inhabitants than he? To the Interprovincial Bridge question, the complete drainage of the city, local street improve-

ments, public baths, an hospital for ncurables, the Ottawa and New York railway, the annexation of Hintonbourgh and Janeville, new drains, etc., he has been unsparing in his attention and within a short time all these will become realities working for the welfare and growth expansion and grandeur of Ottawa. The fire brigade has been converted into one of the best to be found in any part of the world. The citys assessment has increased nearly a million dollars. Local improvements have swollen from \$77,194 in 1896 to \$321,263 in 1897. Our popula-lation has increased nearly 3,000. The main drainage scheme is completed and awaits the sanction of the electors. The government of Canada are about to give our city, instead of \$15,000 for services rendered in supplying water etc, over three times that amount. The work shops of the Ottawa and New York Railway are to be erected here and will give employment and support to many men and families. The Deschenes Light and Power Company are seeking to enter our city to compete with the Ottawa Electric Company in supplying electricity, and a million dollar railway depot is smiling coaxingly before us, and in the near future will add strength to the rare architictural richness with which Ottawa is adorned. It is needless to mention more. He has labored well, he has accomplished much, and the fruit from the seed he had sown has spread itself with beneficient effect in every quarter and laid a foundation upon which progressiveness sits contentedly and invites the entre-prising and patriotic to share with her in her goodly and emviable growth and stability. Mayor Bingham of 1897 Ottawa gladly renews her confidence in you as her Chief Magistrate and welcomes you as her Mayor for 1898.

#### Mayor Bingham

PRESS OPINIONS.

"Mayor Bingham is held by all to be a big-hearted man. \* \* \*

A citizen of good character and clean record has won the honors." Ottawa Journal, January 5, 1897. "In the new mayor the citizens

"In the new mayor the citizens have a man in whom they may justly have every confidence." Ottawa Free Press, January 5, 1897.

"He is shrewd, energetic business man, accustomed to handle large and important enterprises. He is thoroughly honest, is a man of means, and of considerable independence of character, and is moreover, a genial, wholesouled, warm-hearted Irishman." Ottawa Citizen, January, 5 1897.

Mayor Bingham has been offered by acclamation the mayoralty of Ottawa for a second year. His services to the city and his record in the chair entitled him to that konor more than custom did. He cannot be charged with neglect to his duties, nor with any ambition other than of serving the whole people well, faithfully and to the best of his ability. He has in the council demeaned himself as becometh the mayor of a great and growing city.—Ottawa Citizen, Dec. 28th, '97.

ror

tates, \$2.50

Pontiac and

LUMBER DIST

OFFICES:

HAI

SS. PIC SS. STI SS. GR SS. STI SS. KE

SS. KE SS. CR SS. GR SS. BA SS. WA

The above

Through I

aths, an hospital for Ottawa and New the annexation of and Janeville, new has been unsparing and within a short vill become realities welfare and growth grandeur of Ottawa. has been converted best to be found in e world. The citys increased nearly a Local improvements om \$77,194 in 1896 1897. Our popula-eased nearly 3,000. Our populaaits the sanction of

The government about to give our \$15,000 for services pplying water etc, s that amount. The he Ottawa and New re to be erected here nployment and supmen and families. Light and Power eeking to enter our with the Ottawa any in supplying million dollar railmiling coaxingly behe near future will

the rare architicth which Ottawa is needless to mention labored well, he has uch, and the fruit he had sown has th beneficient effect and laid a foundaprogressiveness sits invites the entreriotic to share with odly and emviable ility. Mayor Bingtawa gladly renews n you as her Chief welcomes you as 398.

Bingham.

-0-

OPINIONS. tham is held by all ed man. character and clean e honors." Ottawa 5, 1897. mayor the citizens

whom they may s, January 5, 1897. energetic business to handle large enterprises. He is est, is a man of siderable independ-, and is moreover, aled, warm-hearted a Citisen, January,

n has been offered the mayoralty of nd year. His serand his record in him to that honor did. He cannot eglect to his duties, ition other than of people well, faith-est of his ability. cil demeaned himthe mayor of a ng city.--Ottawa

MONTREAL.

One of the most Central and Elegantly Furnished Hotels in the ci y ...

Accommodation for 400 Guests.

Rates, \$2.50 to \$4.00 per day.

A. ARCH. WELSH.

PROP.

### Pontiac and Pacific Junction R'y.

Short route to the

LUMBER DISTRICTS ....

of the UPPER OTTAWA.

Connections at Aylmer with the Hull Electric Railway for Hull and Ottawa.

OFFICES: 31 CENTRAL CHAMBERS.

P. W. RESSEMAN, Gen. Sunt.

# Ottawa and Gatineau Valley R'y.

Blue Sea Lakes, North of Ottawa. The Sportman's Paradise. Atl kinds of Game and Fish. DIRECT LINE TO THE DESERT.

Opens up great Hardwood Timber regions of the North.

Greatest Pulp-Wood country in North

For further particulars apply at .

31 CENTRAL CHAMBERS. P. W. RESSEMAN, Gen. Supt.

# NSA STEAMSHIP CO.

# HAMBURG.

SS.	PICKHUBEN (new)	4,200	
SS	STUBBENHUK (new)	4,200	
SS	GRIMM*(new)	3,600	
88	STEINHOFT (new)	3,500	
SS.	KEHRWIEDER	3,100	
55	CREMON	3,100	
66	GRASBROOK	3,000	
90.	BAUMWALL (building)	4,000	66
86	WANDRAHM (building)	3,000	

The above First-class Steamers of the Hansa Line will sail during the sum ner

# HAMBURG, ANTWERP AND CANADA

and during the winter between

HAMBURG AND BOSTON. Through Bills of Lading granted to all points West in Canada and the United States of America.

For rates of Freight and other particulars apply to

AUGUST BOLTEN, Hamburg, GRISAR & MARSILY, STEINMANN & CO., Antwerp.

Or to D. CONNOLLY,

General Agent,

Place d'Armes,

MONTREAL.

# OLONIAL HOUSE

PHILLIPS SQUARE.



AT NOMINAL PRICES.

The Toys which have been on view in our windows during the Holidays are now offered at NOMINAL PRICES.

Also Great Bargains in

Boots, Shoes, etc.

HENRY MORGAN & Co..

MONTREAL.

# Merchants Bank of Canada.

Capital Paid-Up, \$6,000,000 o o Rest, \$3,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE. MONTREAL.

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

ANDREW ALLAN, Esq., President.
HECTOR MACKENZIE, Esq., Vice-President.
John Cassils, Esq. Jonathan Hodgson, Esq. John Cas. James P. Dawes, Esq. H. Montag T. H. Dunn, Esq, of Quebec Robert Mr. Thomas Long, Esq, of Toronto. H. Montagu Allan, Esq. Robert Mackay, Esq.

GEORGE MAGUE, Esq., General Manager.

THOMAS FYSHE, Esq., Joint General Manager.

E. F. HEBDEN.

Superintendent of Branches.

### BRANCHES IN ONTARIO AND QUEBEC.

Prescott St. John, Que.
Preston St. Jerome, Que.
St. Thomas.
Renfrew Toronto.
Stherbroke, Q. Walkerton.
Stratford Montreal Mitchell Napanee Ottawa Owen Sound Belleville Berlin Brampton Chatham Hamilton Hamilton Hespeler Ingersoll Kincardine Kingston London

Montreal West End Branch, No. 2456 Notre Dame Street. BRANCHES IN MANITOBA.

Wincipeg. Brandon.

BANKERS IN GREAT BRITAIN.—London, Glasgow, Edinburgh and other points, The Clydesdale Bank (Limited). Liverpool, The Bank of Liverpool (Limited). AGENCY IN NEW YORK.—52 William Street, Messrs, John R. Harris, J. R., and T. E. Merrett, Agents.

BANKERS IN UNITED STATES.—New York, American Exchange National Bank; Boaton, Merchants National Bank; Chicago, American Exchange National Bank; Paul, Minn., First National Bank; Chicago, American Exchange National Bank; Paul, Minn., First National Bank; Buffalo, Bank of Buffalo; San Francisco, Angio-Californian Bank.

NEWFOUNDLAND.—The Morcharts Eank of Halfax.

NOVA SCOTIA AND NEW BRUSSWICK.—Bank of Nova Scotia and Merchants Bank of Halfax.

BRITISH COLUMNIA.—Rank of Reitigh Columbia.

Ialiax.
BRITISH COLUMBIA.—Bank of British Columbia.
A general banking business transacted.
Letters of Credit issued, available in China, Japan and other foreign countries.

# BOVRIL

Contains all the Nutritious and Stimulating Constituents of Prime Beef. BOVRIL is life-sustaining without the aid of any other nutritious food.



ffect ndasits ttrecith

BOVRIL is strengthening and refreshing to the healthy, and is relished and retained by invalids when all other foods are rejected.

# BOVRIL, LIMITED.

30 FARRINGTON STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.

CANADIAN BRANCH, 27 ST. PETER STREET, MONTREAL.